

1. Completa le frasi con *and*, *but*, *or* o *because*.

- 1 but; or
- 2 and; but
- 3 or; and
- 4 and; because

2. Leggi l'informazione e completa le frasi con le parole del riquadro. A volte ci sono varie risposte corrette.

- 1 by the time
- 2 until
- 3 after
- 4 As soon as
- 5 until
- 6 While

3. Riscrivi le frasi con *although*.

- 1 Although he's tired, he can't sleep.
- 2 Although it's expensive, I'm going to buy it
- 3 Although she works hard, she doesn't earn much money.
- 4 Although Dave has a car, he prefers cycling.
- 5 Although we played badly, we won.
- 6 Although she borrowed my pen, she didn't say thank you.
- 7 Although I recognized her, I couldn't remember her name.

4. Metti le parole nell'ordine corretto.

- 1 Andrea is listening to the radio.
- 2 Does Sara play the guitar?
- 3 Isabel has not arrived.
- 4 The sun has come out.
- 5 We like Lebanese food.
- 6 What languages can Daniel speak?
- 7 Jim plays the clarinet.
- 8 Trish is a nurse.
- 9 She looks really unhappy.
- 10 Rita can't speak any Serbian

5. Unisce le due frasi con *who* o *which*. Usa le preposizioni in grassetto

- 1 This is the exam which I did really badly in. / (This is the exam in which I did really badly.)
- 2 Stefano is the student who I studied English with. / (Stefano is the student with whom I studied English.)
- 3 This is the library which we go to for quiet study
- 4 Rita is the teacher whom my cousin's married to. / Rita is the teacher who's married to my cousin.
- 5 This is the song which we had to listen to in class. / (This is the song to which we had to listen in class.)

6. Segna (✓) le frasi corrette e correggi quelle sbagliate (X).

- 1 ✗ them for Alison
- 2 ✓
- 3 ✗ it to me
- 4 ✗ them for me
- 5 ✓
- 6 ✗ it to us
- 7 ✗ it to him
- 8 ✓

7. Riscrivi le frasi in modo più naturale, usando *so*, *neither* o *nor*.

- 1 The managers didn't like the proposal and neither did the workers. / The managers didn't like the proposal and nor did the workers.
- 2 A few people in my department speak French and so do I, actually.
- 3 Don't worry. Neither can I. / Don't worry. Nor can I.
- 4 Yes, so am I, actually.

EXTRA PRACTICE B1-B2

1. Abbina le domande alla risposta corretta.

1 h 2 f 3 g 4 a 5 d 6 e 7 b 8 c

2. Completa le frasi con la forma corretta dei verbi.

- 1 was going
- 2 'd never understood / had never understood
- 3 had been
- 4 'd get lost; didn't take
- 5 couldn't
- 6 had to; rang

3. Completa il brano con le parole nel riquadro.

- 1 During
- 2 while
- 3
- 4 As soon as
- 5 Meanwhile
- 6 By the time

4. Scegli l'alternativa corretta per le parole in *corsivo*.

- 1 What's more,
- 2 In spite of this,
- 3 However
- 4 As well as
- 5 In addition to
- 6 though
- 7 Even so,

5. Completa la tabella.

Domanda diretta	Domanda indiretta
What time does the film start?	Do you know what time the film starts?
¹ How much money will we need?	Have you any idea how much money we'll need?
Is there a place where we can sit down?	Could ² you tell me if / whether there's a place where we can sit down?
³ Is it cold outside?	Do you know if it's cold outside?
How long did the journey take?	Do ⁴ you know how long the journey took?
⁵ When does the shop open?	Could you tell me when the shop opens?
Does this machine work?	I wonder ⁶ if / whether this machine works.
⁷ Does this bus go near Buckingham Palace?	Do you know whether this bus goes near Buckingham Palace?
Who are those people?	I'd like to know ⁸ who those people are.

6. Trasforma il discorso diretto in discorso indiretto.

- 1 (that) that student had had three chances to pass his maths exam.
- 2 (that) he would phone him the next day.
- 3 what they had said to him.
- 4 (her) if / whether she could come back the following week.
- 5 (that) she wouldn't have any problems getting into medical school.
- 6 (that) they set up their own business.
- 7 me to tell the police what I'd seen that day

7. Completa le frasi con l'informazione nel riquadro. Usa *who*, *which*, *whose*, *where* o *when*.

- 1 where you can go ice skating
- 2 who won Wimbledon in 2004

- 3 which is very difficult to do
- 4 whose job is to play golf
- 5 when Wimbledon takes place
- 6 when Brazil won the World Cup

8. Completa la seconda frase per dar enfasi alle parole in grassetto.

- 1 my son is crazy about **is** skateboarding.
- 2 they want (to do) **is** to lie on a beach and relax.
- 3 I'm desperate for **is** a nice cup of tea.
- 4 **was** the atmosphere that made the restaurant special rather than the food. / **was** the atmosphere rather than the food which made the restaurant special.
- 5 I don't want **is** to be late for work tomorrow
- 6 she asked for **was** a glass of water.
- 7 **was** Alec who was a professional footballer when he was young, not David

9. Riscrivi le frasi senza le parole superflue.

- 1 Jack's been to Spain. ~ No, I haven't!
- 2 I'm going to wear an apron for this but you don't need to.
- 3 Why don't you come to my house later? ~ I can't, I'm afraid.
- 4 I'm not worried about it today but I was yesterday.
- 5 We didn't finish the work, but we should have.
- 6 You don't have to come with me if you don't want to. / Come with me if you want.
- 7 No, you didn't get hit but you might have.
- 8 There isn't any milk. ~ Yes, there is.