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|   | THE CELTS | THE ROMANS | THE ANGLO-SAXONS |
| PERIOD | Iron Age, between about 500 and 100 BC to 50 AD | To 55 BC | Fifth century |
| MAIN CARATTERISTIC | The Celts were tribes of warriors who shared a similar language, religion and culture | Their town had a forum, a basilica and public baths | The most important thing to them was the loyalty to the others members and to the lord of the tribe |
| CONTRIBUTION | Thet brought ironworking to he British Isles. Iron was very cheap and easily avalaibe so it was a help for the develop local indipendence | They found London and built 9600 km of roads,most city were surrounded by stone walls, the centre of them had a forum with a basilica | They gave the name England to the island, in fact England come to the sentence "The land of the Angles" |
| OCCUPATIONS | Warriors and when they weren't fighting they practised the agricolture | Warriors and manufactures | Warriors but may of them were deep-sea fishermen |
| SOCIAL ORGANIZATIONS | They being based in extended family called clans and when there were war or invasion more clans joined together to for tribes.  |   | They being based in extended family called clans |
| LIVING PLACES | They lived in huts made of timber with thatched roofs. | House in town |   |
| ROLE OF WOMEN | They were almost equal to men in fact they could choos ethe men they wanted to marry, could be owner of the lands and could be warriors. |   |   |
| RELIGION | They worshipped the natural elements like the sun, the moon and water. |   | Christianity |
| LETERATURE | They relied on the oral trasmission of culture |   |   |